

STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM		
Name of the module/subject Mathematical statistics		Code 1010341761010349401
Field of study Mathematics in technology	Profile of study (general academic, practical) general academic	Year /Semester 3 / 6
Elective path/specialty -	Subject offered in: Polish	Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory
Cycle of study: First-cycle studies	Form of study (full-time, part-time) full-time	
No. of hours Lecture: 30 Classes: 15 Laboratory: 15 Project/seminars: -		No. of credits 3
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) other		(university-wide, from another field) university-wide
Education areas and fields of science and art the sciences Mathematical sciences		ECTS distribution (number and %) 3 100% 3 100%
Responsible for subject / lecturer: dr hab. inż. Katarzyna Filipiak email: katarzyna.filipiak@put.poznan.pl tel. 061 665 23 49 Elektryczny ul. Piotrowo 3A, 60-965 Poznań		Responsible for subject / lecturer: dr hab. inż. Katarzyna Filipiak email: katarzyna.filipiak@put.poznan.pl tel. 061 665 23 49 Elektryczny ul. Piotrowo 3A, 60-965 Poznań
Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:		
1	Knowledge	probability theory, differential and integrals calculus for the functions of one and more variables, matrix algebra, R software (basic skills)
2	Skills	Skills to logical thinking, using method of calculus, working with R software
3	Social competencies	Understanding of the own knowledge limits and motivation for further education, an ability to work in a team
Assumptions and objectives of the course: The aim of this course is to give the opportunity to learn and discuss basic problems of mathematical statistics, including selected problems of probability theory as well as the properties of statistics and statistical methods used for the experimental data inference. Presented material should give the opportunity to solve selected engineering problems.		
Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study		
Knowledge:		
1. The student has knowledge about basic theorems used in probability theory and mathematical statistics - [K_W03] 2. The student has knowledge about methods of proving theorems and determining the properties of statistical variables, as well as the techniques of statistical inference - [K_W01, KW02] 3. The student is able to write algorithms for solving the problems of mathematical statistics - [K_W05]		
Skills:		
1. The student can apply basic probability distributions and theorems to show the properties of statistics and can describe methodology of statistical inference - [K_U16] 2. The student can use statistical measures and estimators for statistical analysis of experiments, with the use of analytical methods as well as computer tools - [K_U17]		
Social competencies:		
1. Understanding of the own knowledge limits and motivation for further education - [K_K01] 2. Ability of formulating questions precisely in order to deepen his own understanding of a given subject or ability to recognize missing elements of reasoning - [K_K02]		
Assessment methods of study outcomes		

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Practical course (exercises) test - Laboratory course test / project - Theoretical and practical exam based on the lecture material 		
Course description		
<p>1. Selected problems of probability theory: functions of random variables and random vectors, selected probability distributions and continuous distributions and their transformations, distributions of quadratic forms, Jansen inequality</p> <p>2. Statistics and the families of probability distributions: statistical model, sample moments and statistics based on the central tendency measures, probability distributions of selected statistics, sufficient statistics and factorization theorem, Minimal sufficient statistics, information matrix, ancillary and complete statistics</p> <p>3. Estimation theory: estimation methods, point estimation, confidence interval estimation, estimators series and consistent estimators</p> <p>4. Theory of hypotheses testing: basic definitions, most powerful tests and Neyman-Pearson lemma, likelihood ratio tests, most powerful tests for models with monotone likelihood ratio property and Karlin-Rubin theorem</p> <p>5. Statistical inference for large samples: maximum likelihood estimators, confidence intervals, hypotheses testing</p> <p>Applied methods of education:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - lectures - presenting the theory connected with a current students' knowledge, presenting a new topic preceded by a reminder of related content known to students from other subjects - practical course (exercises) - solving examples on the blackboard, discussions - laboratory course - group programming, simulations <p>Update: 2017</p>		
Basic bibliography:		
<p>1. Krzyśko, M. (1996). Statystyka Matematyczna. Wydawnictwo Naukowe UAM w Poznaniu</p> <p>2. Rao, C.R. (1982). Modele liniowe statystyki matematycznej. PWN Warszawa</p>		
Additional bibliography:		
<p>1. Larsen, R.J., Marx, M.L. (2006). An Introduction to Mathematical Statistics and Its Applications (4 ed.). Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey</p> <p>2. Mukhopadhyay, N. (2000). Probability and Statistical Inference. Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York</p>		
Result of average student's workload		
Activity	Time (working hours)	
1. Lectures attendance (15x2 godz.)	30	
2. Practical course (exercises) attendance (8x2 godz.)	16	
3. Laboratory course attendance (7x2 godz.)	14	
4. Consulting	2	
5. Preparing to classes	2	
6. Practicing to the practical course test (3 godz. + 2 godz.)	5	
7. Practicing to the laboratory course test / project preparation (3 godz. + 2 godz.)	5	
8. Practicing to exam (8 godz. + 2 godz.)	10	
Student's workload		
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	84	3
Contact hours	66	2
Practical activities	18	1